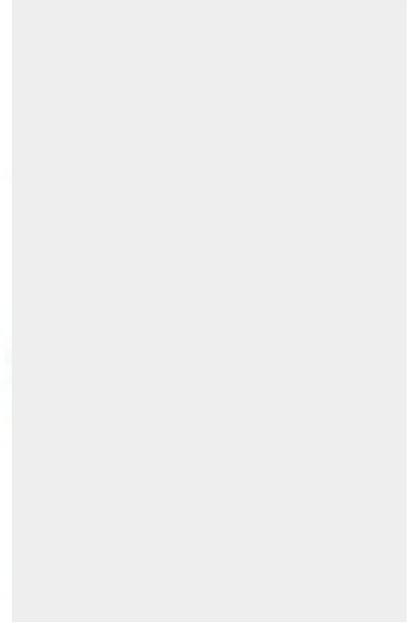
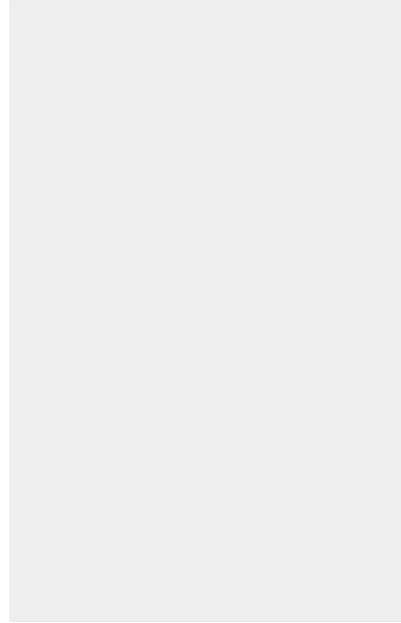


JIM CHANKALIAN, LEADER OF AMERICAN-ARMENIAN VOLUNTEERS

Posted on January 1, 2010 by Keghart



Category: [Opinions](#)



✘ ALTADENA, CA – The Armenian Rights Council of America (ARCA), is proudly co-sponsoring a program entitled “Légion Arménienne: The Armenian Legion and Its Heroism in the Middle East” in Pasadena, CA. On Sunday, January 3, 2010 at 2:30 pm, a public reception will be held in Wright Auditorium of Pasadena Central Library. There will be a program dedicated to the heroic efforts of the Armenian Legion during World War I. Among those serving in the 4,000 member Armenian Legion were 1,200 valiant volunteers from the United States.

✘ ALTADENA, CA – The Armenian Rights Council of America (ARCA), is proudly co-sponsoring a program entitled “Légion Arménienne: The Armenian Legion and Its Heroism in the Middle East” in Pasadena, CA. On Sunday, January 3, 2010 at 2:30 pm, a public reception will be held in Wright Auditorium of Pasadena Central Library. There will be a program dedicated to the heroic efforts of the Armenian Legion during World War I. Among those serving in the 4,000 member Armenian Legion were 1,200 valiant volunteers from the United States.

The Armenian Legion is often remembered for having successfully defeated the Turkish and German forces at the Battle of Arara in Palestine in September 1918.

Captain Jim Chankalian of New Jersey, Rupen Herrian of New York and Caspar Menag of Massachusetts are among numerous Armenian Legionnaires from the United States featured in the exhibit. Chankalian, Herrian and Menag were also prominent leaders of the Armenian Democratic Liberal party (A.D.L.). Mihran Damadian, another renowned A.D.L. leader, was entrusted with the herculean task of forming a plan and negotiating with the French to establish an autonomous or independent Cilicia.

The traveling exhibit, organized by the Watertown, MA based Armenian Library and Museum of American (ALMA), is open to the public at Pasadena Central Library, Monday through Thursday from 9 am to 9 pm; Friday and Saturday from 9 am to 6 pm; and Sunday from 1 to 5 pm. Pasadena Central Library is located at 285 East Walnut St., Pasadena, CA 91101. The exhibit concludes on January 17, 2010. Please visit www.almainc.org for more details.

The exhibit's appearance at the Pasadena Central Library is generously sponsored by Ed Aghjayan, former Deputy City Manager of Pasadena, and Bill Paparian, former Mayor of Pasadena.

JIM CHANKALIAN, LEADER OF AMERICAN-ARMENIAN VOLUNTEERS

[Armeniapedia](#)

U.S. Army Captain Jim Chankalian was born Bedros Chankalian (Armenian: Պետրոս Զանգալյան) in

Dikranagerd Western Armenia. At a young age, he emigrated to the United States with his family. He graduated from an American high school, then entered a military academy to become an officer in the U.S. Army. In 1898, he participated in the Spanish-American War. He was honored for his bravery and became a captain in the U.S. Army.

The activity of the Armenian political parties had undoubtedly reverberated in the American-Armenian community from the standpoint of the national liberation movement. Moreover, the popularity of the Reformed Hunchak Party, without a doubt, had aroused Chankalian's interest and motivated him to join that organization.

Already a seasoned soldier in the U.S. Army, Chankalian also became a well-known figure in the Armenian community of New York. After resigning from his rank of captain, he was offered an important position with Powers Co. He ably performed the job he had taken, which ensured him a comfortable living.

In 1915, the Reformed Hunchak Party, in cooperation with the Party of the United States], decided to send Jim Chankalian on a special mission, first to the Caucasus and then to Van. Chankalian gladly accepted the proposition, giving up his high position and comfortable station in life.

Taking with him a group of experienced volunteers, who had come from Western Armenia, he reached Van at the designated time and was greeted there by the brave leader of the successful heroic self-defense, Armenag Yegarian. After consulting with Yegarian, Chankalian put his extensive military experience in the service of the heroic struggle of the Armenians of Van and became Yegarian's advisor and immediate co-worker in the formation of the Yerkrpah Regiment.

With the satisfaction of having fulfilled his obligation, Chankalian set out for the Caucasus, where he had intended to join General Antranig's forces. In 1917, Chankalian returned to the United States, having fully performed the mission entrusted to him. But he had barely become situated, when he found out about the plan of the formation of the Armenian Legion. Owing to special arrangements made by the French government and army, it was projected that this legion should depart for the Palestinian front, to fight alongside the Allies (France, England and Russia) against the German and Turkish troops that were allied on the other side.

Chankalian, who enjoyed the unreserved respect and esteem of the American-Armenian community and Armenian political parties, was appointed leader of the detachment consisting of American-Armenian volunteers, which was to join the Armenian Legion.

The main dream of the Armenian soldiers was the formation of an autonomous Armenia under French mandate, at the cost of the blood to be sacrificed by them. The Armenian National Union formed in Egypt and the Armenian National Delegation had secured such a promise from the French authorities.

The natives of Musa Dagh, who had found refuge in the seaside town of Port Said, Egypt, formed the nucleus of the Armenian, or Foreign Legion.

On July 9, 1917, Chankalian, along with the volunteers under his charge, boarded a French ship headed for Marseilles. From there, he went to Port Said and joined the nucleus of the legion; all together, they departed for Cyprus, where volunteers from all parts of the world wishing to join the Foreign Legion were assembled for training. The trained detachments were divided into three companies, or battalions.

By order of General Allenby, the commander of the combined troops of the Allied powers operating on the Middle Eastern front, the Armenian volunteers were transported to Palestine on September 14, 1918, where five days later they went on the attack against the German and Turkish forces in Arara.

The first line of the front, from the Mediterranean to the Jordan River, headed by Chankalian, was occupied by the detachments comprising the American-Armenian volunteers; with a minimum loss of life, they achieved the glorious victory at Arara.

World War I ended in November 1918. The Armenian volunteers were transferred from the Palestinian front to Beirut. From there, British ships took them, in groups, via Alexandretta (Iskenderun) to the mountains and plains of Cilicia. The legionnaires were greeted in Adana with Armenian tricolor flags. The Turks already appeared to be disillusioned.

In the overall prevailing atmosphere, it seemed an easy task to the fighters of the Armenian Legion to take all of Cilicia under their control. The execution of the plan to have an autonomous or independent Armenian Cilicia was undertaken with (Mihran) Damadian's leadership. In order to crown such a plan as this with success, it was necessary to have a solid fighting force which could become a reality, with the assemblage of such battle-tested heroes as Chankalian, Antranig, Yegarian, (Yesayi) Yaghoubian, etc. However, the Allied powers had a different intention. They resorted to various measures, in order to prevent the entrance of Antranig, Yegarian, and the others into Cilicia.

Convinced that the plan of having an Armenian state in Cilicia would remain unattainable, a disappointed Chankalian returned to the United States, but not before having recorded brilliant pages in the history of the Armenian liberation struggle and World War I. Subsequently, as one of the leading figures of the Democratic Liberal Party in America, Chankalian traveled to all the cities with large Armenian concentrations, especially those in California, in order to organize efforts to raise funds in support of the first Republic of Armenia.

In order to give a greater impetus to his efforts on behalf of the homeland, Chankalian became the driving force behind the formation of the American-Armenian National Council and served as its president. He also became the first president of the Central Committee of the AGBU of America, and he devoted his time and service to the Armenian Church as well. This great patriot, endowed with exceptional military prowess, passed away in New York in 1947 at an advanced age, leaving behind him a great and unforgettable legacy of sacrifice made for his nation.

Ara Aharonian Excerpt from: Heroic Figures of A.D.L. (C)2006

 Captain Jim Chankalian's Tomb at Fairview Cemetery in Fairview, NJ

